

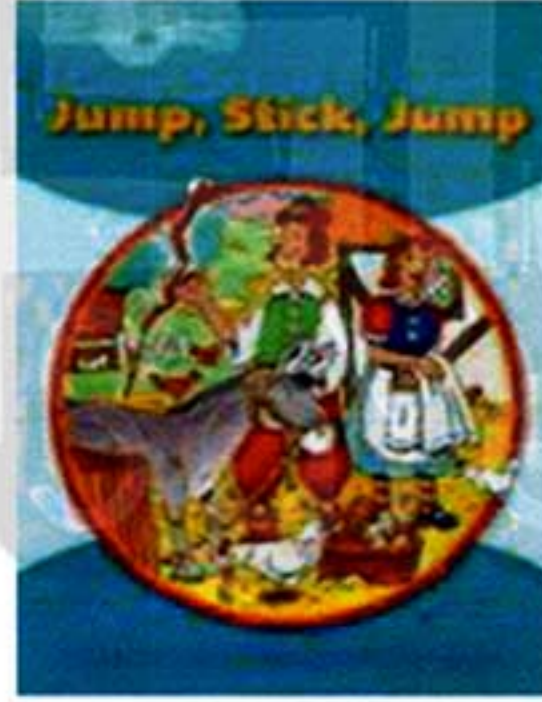
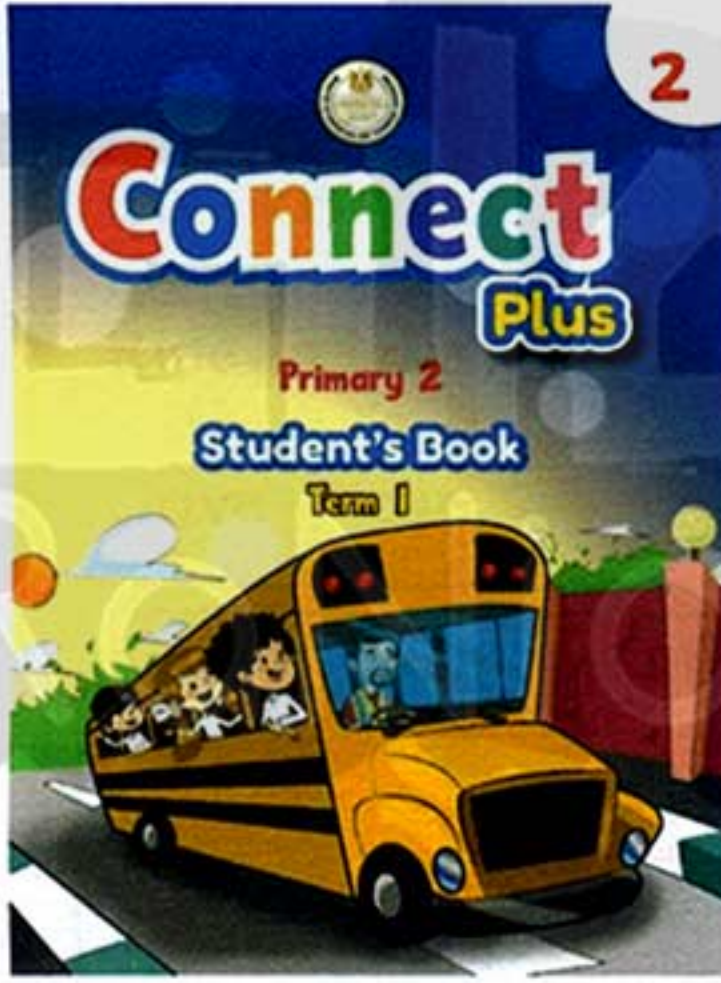
Notre Dame School Heliopolis



English sheet

First Term

2nd primary



Name:.....

Class:.....

Unit One

Ready / get set / goNew vocabulary:

- Get set: steady
- Get up: wake up
- Breakfast: Cheese – milk Etc
- Walk to school
- Drink
- Eat
- Play → tennis
- Go → home
- Ride → bike
- Drive → car

5 : 30 ==> half past five

12 : 20 ==> twelve twenty

Grand dad

- Grandparents

Grand mom

- Grand children

sister – brother – uncle – aunt – cousin

- Curly = wavy \neq straight
 - Brown – black – gray
 - Wear \rightarrow glasses – pants – jacket
 - Tall \neq short
- } Hair

Structure:

- Kick \rightarrow the ball bake the cake
- Ride \rightarrow a bike
- Drive \rightarrow a car
- Play \rightarrow with a toy
- read \rightarrow news paper
- Eat \rightarrow lunch
- Listen \rightarrow to music

Comprehension:

- Windy \neq sunny
- Be careful = take care
- Picnic \Rightarrow have a = trip
- Kite

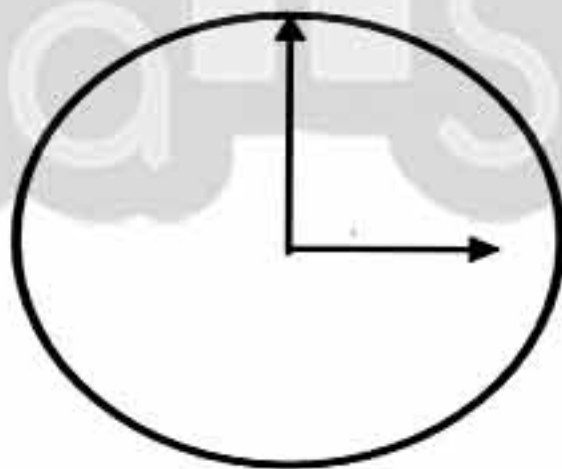
Connect with science

- Different ≠ same
- City
- Nest : for birds
- Feed ≠ eat = I eat my breakfast / the mother (eat -feed) the baby
- Cubs: Baby of lions
- Pride: a group of lions
- Herd: a group of elephants

Language Notes

How are you?

I'm Okay



7 a.m. → Good morning

12 p.m → 3 p.m good afternoon

3 p.m → 9 p.m good evening

when you go to sleep → good night

- would you like?

Yes please / No, thank you

- Nice to meet you

Nice to meet you too

- How are you?

I'm okay

- Does she gets up at 6 o'clock

Yes she does / no she doesn't

- See you soon

Exercise:

- 1) It's 6 am, so we say (good morning – good afternoon – good evening)
- 2) I go to bed at 6 o'clock at (evening – night – morning)
- 3) We are (playing – making – banking) models
- 4) Mary is (playing – doing – making) the piano.
- 5) Fady is (playing – riding – driving) bike
- 6) Dad is (playing – riding – driving) his car.
- 7) Mum is (baking – doing – laying) a cake
- 8) Grandpa is (reading – riding – baking) newspaper.
- 9) We always (walk – go – bake) in the park.

10) My Aunt lives in (Luxor – play ground – school)

11) My mum is (thirty five – three – twelve) years old.

12) I usually go back home from school at (half past half – half past three – three past half).

Match:

A) pride

B) herd

C) nest

D) cubs

1) group of lions

2) baby lion are called

3) baby birds live in a.

4) group of elephants called.

5) Group of Birds called.

Complete:

[sun screen – ice scream – decorate – juice – cousins – brother]

1) It's too hot, I think I need to buy

2) Fady is eating

3) Grandpa is drinking

4) We Our class for Christmas.

5) I've two

Life skills:

Special meal: meal that is different from the other meals help my mom with the food

Co. operation helping each other

The gingerbread man

New Vocab:

Surprised:

Knitting:

Yells: Shouts

Ginger bread man:

Catch:

Ginger:

Buttons

Oven:

Complete:

- 1) The gingerbread man out of the oven.
- 2) Grandma was
- 3) Grandpa was
- 4) Grandpa and Grandma sit in their
- 5) Grandma uses,, and milk to make gingerbread man
- 6) Grandma makes 2, a nose, a and 3
- 7) When grandma opened the, gingerbread man

- 8) Grandma was because Gingerbread man jumped
- 9) Grandma the gingerbread man mums into the
- 10) Grandma tried to catch she mum him

Put (√) or (x)

- 1) Grandma and pa stayed in their home at night ()
- 2) Grandpa was cooking ()
- 3) Grandma was knitting ()
- 4) Ginger bread man is a real man ()
- 5) Grandma run after ginger bread man. ()

Unit Two

Let's get fit !New vocabulary:

Small – young – foot – feet – tortoise – old – slow – short –
 funny – sleep – run – body parts – arm – beak – face – feet –
 head – leg – talons – teeth – wing – claws – crocodile – duck –
 hoopoes – insect – spiders – feathers – tall – slow – fast –
 woman – man – bicycle – kind – wise – long – thin –
 basketball – daddy – pretty – mommy – parrot – elephant –
 frog – fish – talk – swim – walk – plants – grass – giraffe –
 butterfly – snake – wall – wood – healthy – unhealthy –
 exercise – sport – watch – fit – vegetables – fruit – sugar –
 water – cake – athlete – clean – wash – need – sunshine – fresh
 air – lions – camels – elephants – school – park – sea – swings
 – homework – soccer – favorite.

Adjectives:

Funny – kind – wise – pretty

tall × short

fat × thin

old × young

fast × slow

Definitions:

Athlete: someone who is good at running – jumping and
 throwing.

Fit: not ill / be the right measure – shapes – size

Healthy: Having good health, well, strong and able to resist disease.

Wise: having experience, knowledge, good judgment.

Structures:

How often

- Play on the swing.
- Do exercise
- Do homework
- Do gymnastics
- Play sports
- Keep fit

Grammar

I / we / you / they have

He / she / it has

Underline the correct word:

- 1) A tortoise (have – has – having) four legs.
- 2) Birds (has – have – having) wings.
- 3) A tortoise is (fast – tall – slow)
- 4) My grandpa is old. He isn't (fast – young – short)

- 5) Cats have (talons – wings – beaks)
- 6) My sister is tall she isn't (old – young – short)
- 7) My grandma is (for – wise – long)
- 8) A butterfly can (run – talk – fly)
- 9) A fish (never – doesn't – always) swims.
- 10) A (frog – giraffe – fish) is tall.
- 11) I have two (arms – faces – heads).
- 12) I don't have a (mouth – beak – ear).
- 13) My baby sister is (old – fast – pretty).
- 14) He (does – makes – plays) exercise
- 15) They play (with – in – on) the swim.
- 16) A fish (never – doesn't – always) walks.
- 17) She plays (exercise – sport – gymnastics) everyday.
- 18) Mariam is healthy and (fat – fit – foot)
- 19) To be fit. I eat (unhealthy food – sugar – healthy food)
- 20) To be healthy. I drink lots of (juice – cake – water)
- 21) They (play – drink – eat) healthy food.
- 22) How (always – often – never) do you do gymnastics?
- 23) I (wash – play – clean) football with my friends.
- 24) Tamer (cleans – eats – plays) his teeth everyday.

25) Children need to (Eat – play – sleep) hours a day.

26) A parrot has (a mouth – feathers – four legs)

27) My brother is thin. He isn't (long – short – fat)

Match:

- | | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| 1) Habiba is an athlete | a) She eats lots of vegetables drink water. |
| 2) What does she eat and drink? | b) She does gymnastics |
| 3) How often do you exercise? | c) I play football with my friends. |
| 4) I usually walk | d) I exercise everyday |
| | e) But sometimes I run |
| 1) Hoo poes are small birds. | a) Yes, they do |
| 2) Do crocodiles have claws? | b) Their beaks help than find insects |
| 3) I am healthy | c) Yes, they have |
| 4) We need sunshine | d) I drink lots of water |
| 5) The bike is old | e) And pest air |
| | f) It is slow |

1) Wash

2) Play

3) Eat

4) Sleep

a) With friends

b) Healthy food

c) Vegetables and fruit

d) Water

e) 10 hours a day.

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Unit 3

A day in my life

New vocabulary :

Important – information – tablet – laptop – jacket – shoes –
 bag – kitchen – recipes – busy – mend- computer – emails –
 kitchen – phone – farmer – fisherman- market seller – chef –
 mechanic – construction worker – concierge – web designer
 – carpenter – engineer – architect – doctor hospital – hotel –
 fire station – café – supermarket – farm – restaurant – park

Definition

Fisherman: the one who catches fish.

Concierge: someone who helps people at the hotel.

Market seller: the one who sells at the market.

Mechanic : the one who fixes cars

1)Match from column (a) what is suitable from column (b) :

- | | |
|---------------------|------------------|
| 1) I have | () sick people |
| 2) Dad sends | () on the phone |
| 3)Mum uses | () her computer |
| 4) Jane talks | () an email |
| 4) Jane receives | () an email |
| 5) we have to help | () breakfast |

2) choose the correct answer :

- 1) My mum works in a hotel; she is a (concierge – construction worker – mechanic).
- 2) Mark is a doctor; he (fixes cars – looks after sick people – looks after animals).
- 3) What is Jane wearing today?
a. (It's hot – she is a chef – a blue shirt).
- 4) Mum uses her (table – tablet – book) to send an email.
- 5) Fred is a web-designer; he can design a (car – building – website).
- 6) Jack washes her hands (before – on – with) eating.
- 7) They visit their grandma (before – after – on) the weekend.
- 8) I (put on – pick on - put in) my jacket when it's cold
- 9) Sam switches off the lights (before – after – on) going out.
- 10) The (chef – concierge – engineer) cooks delicious food.
- 11) The (fireman – fisherman – firefighter) cooks delicious food.
- 12) The mechanic can (send – mend – find) cars .

Look at the picture and write what you can see :



T



K



P



The grows



The can



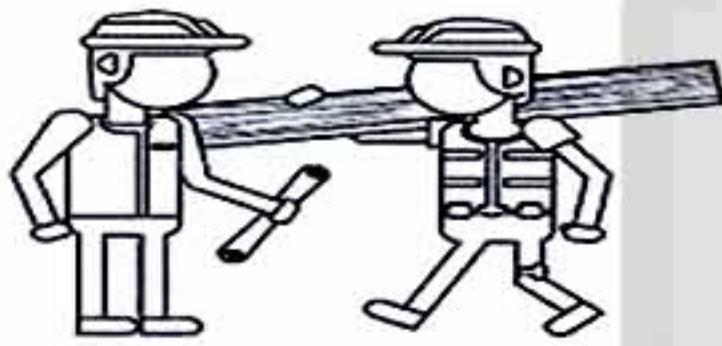
He is a



The Can



F.....



C.....

ذاكروولى
RaNia SaYed

Unit 4**New vocabulary :**

Space – solar system – amazing – planets – big – small – closer – farther – cold – hot – extremely – average – cooler – fit – thin – star – sky – sun – moon – planet – constellation – galaxy – shadow – night – rainy – snowy – sunny – foggy – windy – cloudy – steam – vapor – magazines – find out – information – online .

Definitions:

Constellation: Group of stars in the sky.

Find out: discover

Choose the correct answer

- 1) Jupiter is the biggest (planet – plante – pants)
- 2) Mary loves to read (magazines – mechanics – computer)
- 3) You can find (out – in – on) information online.
- 4) Take your umbrella please; the weather is (rainy – cloudy – foggy).
- 5) I can't see well , its (rainy – sunny – foggy)
- 6) Water turns to (fog – hot – vapor) when it's hot.
- 7) She is living in the (two – twice – second) floor.
- 8) The weather is (heavy - average – extremely) hot.
- 9) Jupiter is hot, because it's very (| far – close – In) the sun.
- 10) I (rarely – nearly – really) like ice-cream.

Complete:**(galaxy – constellation – planet – stars – sky – earth – moon)**

- 1) Look at this kite in the
- 2) There are many shinny In the sky.
- 3) We are living on
- 4) Jupiter is the biggest
- 5) The appears at night.
- 6) Lots of stars and planets called
- 7) Everything in the solar system moves around

Look at the picture carefully and complete:

He is a



she is a



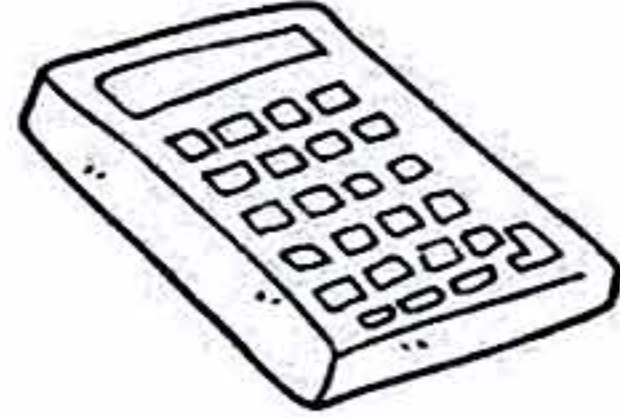
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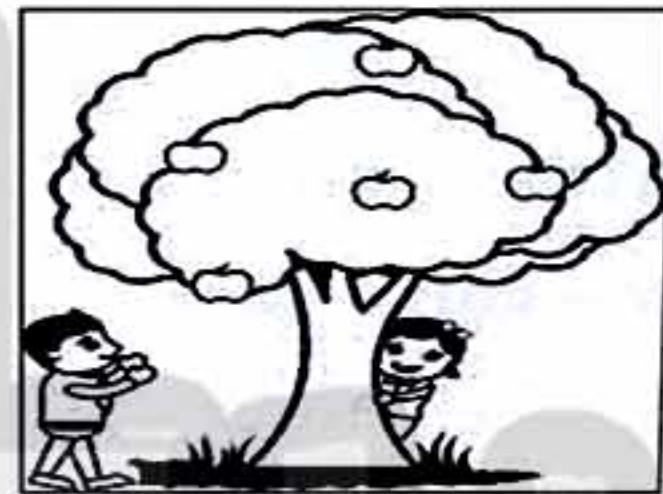
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He is Behind the tree



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W



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The girl is playing

Unit Five

New vocabulary:

Animals – birds – parrots – stork – hippo – island – boat – river grass – river bank – bamboo – tree – turtle – rock – snake – oral – hippo – sunny day – next to – fun – flamingo – dolphin – funny – tall – young – kind – old – habitats – seas – oceans – whales sharks – dolphins – rainforest – rainy – insects – camels – sand – tundra – penguins – solar bears – Antarctic – tundra – countries – king fisher – mountain – valley – cliff – cave – sand dune – lake – oasis – island – dirty – sick – pollution – pets – environment – keep – net – drop trash – disturbs – lakes – rowing boat – sailing boat – yacht – ferry – cries ship – canoe – row – windy day – ferries – vacations – wildlife – beautiful

Definitions:

Stork: tall begged bird

Island: a place in the middle of the water

River bank: the two sides of the river

Bamboo: kind of plants that panda

Habitats: the natural home of an animal

Ocean: very deep sea.

Mainforest: a dense forest rich in with trees

Tundra: a trees less snowy

Polar bears: bears who live in snow

Mountain: a large

Cave: underground room surface higher than the ground

Valley: a low area of land between mountains

Canoe: a narrow boat

Cliff: a steep rock face, especially at the edge of the sea

Choose:

- 13) There were lots of birds next t(to – of – an) the river.
- 14) There are lots of grass and trees on the river (Bank – pink – park)
- 15) (storks – strongs – stocks) are kind of birds.
- 16) (Bamboo – Panda – Grassland) are kind of trees.
- 17) At the zoo, we can find bits of (animals – rivers – fish)
- 18) Don't (drop – got – trick) trash.
- 19) The (dentist – vet – pharmacist) look after sick animals.
- 20) Animals get sick, because of (invitation – pollution – habitat)
- 21) Penguins live in (desert – tandura – main forest)
- 22) It's very (safe – dangerous – good) to play with fire.

- 23) (snakes – penguins – hippos) live in the desert.
- 24) (Canoe – Yacht – Island) is very big boat.
- 25) Adam loves (jumping – climbing – walking) mountain.

Join:

- | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1) Throwing trash | a) are very big fish |
| 2) Whales | b) live in the desert |
| 3) In the rainforest there are | c) snow |
| 4) Camels | d) trees |
| 5) Penguins love to live in | e) causes pollution |

Unit SixNew vocabulary:

Monuments – citadel – castle – tower – museum –
 international park – stones – fountain – bridge – statue –
 weekend – favourite meals – board games – travel – visit –
 enjoy – cook – Cairo – Luxor – Alexandria – library –
 interesting – island – garden – stay wood – plastic – concrete –
 metal – cloth – paper – water – stone – glass – cliff – yellow –
 grass – coffee – cell phone – shall – liquid – solid – steam –
 gas- boil – freezes – turns into – properties – transparent –
 opaque – bend – materials – art – shapes – ice – look after –
 protected – damage – change – future – pyramids – inside –
 climb – touch – drop – trash – straw – aluminum foil – steam
 – ocean – forest – hard x soft

Structure:

- What's the citadel made of?
It's made of
- What are the magazines made of?
They are made of
- What are roads and houses made of?
They made of
- took photos

- stay in a hotel
- We can see through glass.
- Glass is transparent
- The page is made of paper.

Underline the correct word:

- 1) We (travels – traveled – traveling) by train.
- 2) They (Stayed – visited – traveled) the fountain.
- 3) I (stay – play – visit) tennis.
- 4) The dress is made of (metal – cloth – glass)
- 5) (Are – Does – Did) they visit a castle.
- 6) They traveled (at – by – with) train.
- 7) Toys and pens made of (stone – plastic – cloth)
- 8) Did they story in a hotel? No, they (did – do – didn't)
- 9) He (take – took – taking) photos
- 10) We ate in a (bank – restaurant – museum)
- 11) They stayed (in – on – at) a hotel.
- 12) They saw a boat on the (river – school – park)
- 13) Ice is a (gas – liquid – solid)
- 14) Wood is a (liquid – hard – soft)
- 15) Water is a (liquid – hard – soft)

- 16) You can't (make – drop take) trash at the citadel.
- 17) You can't (make – take – go) photo at the museum.
- 18) We can (steam – play – read) magazines.
- 19) It's important to book (or – by – after) our monuments.

Gingerbread man

1) Who chase the gingerbread man?

.....

2) What does the gingerbread man yell?

.....

3) What does the cat say?

.....

Page 104, 105, 106, 107

1) Grandpa sees the gingerbread man and up

2) runs into the garden to catch the gingerbread man.

3) Grandpa and grandma The gingerbread man.

4) Grandpa runs into the garden to The gingerbread man.

5) The gingerbread man laughs and

6) Run, run as as you can, you can't me
said the gingerbread man.

7) The gingerbread man runs into a

8) Yummy! Can I you? The cat says

9) No, you can't eat me, cat yells the

Page 108 – 109

1) Who can't catch the gingerbread man?

.....

2) Can grandpa and grandma catch the gingerbread man?

.....

Complete:

1) Grandma and grandpa and the cat are the gingerbread man.

2) The gingerbread man runs into a

3) The gingerbread man is faster than the

4) Grandpa, grandma, the cat and the

5) The runs into a duckling

6) The cat and the duckling can't eat the

Page 110 – 111

1) What does the fox want?

.....

2) Can the gingerbread man swim?

.....

Complete:

- 1) The gingerbread man is very
- 2) The gingerbread man comes to a
- 3) The gingerbread man can't
- 4) A sees the gingerbread man
- 5) The sly fox wants to the gingerbread man.
- 6) The gingerbread man says run, sun as fast as you can – you can't me

Page 112 – 113 – 114 – 115

- 1) Who catches the gingerbread man?

.....

- 2) Who are happy?

.....

- 3) Is the sly fox kind or bad? Why?

.....

- 4) How can the fox help the gingerbread man?

.....

Complete:

- 1) The fox can help the gingerbread man cross the
- 2) The gingerbread man climbs the fox's gingerbread man
- 3) The sun is
- 4) The river is
- 5) The fox is
- 6) The gingerbread man smells
- 7) The fox opens his
- 8) Grandma is
- 9) Grandma The gingerbread man.
- 10) Grandma, grandpa and the gingerbread man are
- 11) Grandpa, grandma and the gingerbread man have
and tea.
- 12) The wants to trick the gingerbread man.

Grammar

فاكهة
RaNia SaYed

(1) Present simple1) Positive form

He – She – It —————> verb + s, es, ies)

We – You – They —————> verb inf

Ex: He plays tennis every Monday.2) Negative formWe use **Don't or Doesn't** before the main verb.Ex: He doesn't play tennis

Main verb

Time guidesSometimes – usually – often – always –
never – every on (Fridays)Note

always – sometimes – often – usually – never

They come before the main verb.

But they come after verb to be (am – is – are)Ex : She always goes to school by her mother's car.

She is always happy.

Exercise Present simple

(1) Choose the correct answer :

- 1- I (**buys – buy – baying**) new clothes on Saturday.
- 2- Peter (**read – reads – reading**) comics everyday.
- 3- Mary (**watch – watches – watching**) TV in her bed room.
- 4- My father (**speak – speaks – speakes**) English all the time .
- 5- John (**playing – plays – plaies**) basketball in his club every Friday.
- 6- Mrs Mary (**teaching – teaches – teach**) English and Frennnch.
- 7- My brother and I (**get – gets – got**) up at 7 o'clock everyday.
- 8- The sun (**rise – rises – rising**) in the morning.
- 9- Ramy(**going – goes – go**) to school everyday.
- 10- John and peter (**likes – like – liking**) chocolate cake .
- 11- I usually (**spend – spends – spending**) the weekend at home.
- 12- The cat always (**chase – chases – chased**) the mouse.
- 13- My mother always (**washes – wash – washing**) the dishes in the kitchen.
- 14- Youssef (**don't – doesn't – hasn't**) do his homework on Sundays.
- 15- Karim and Youssef don't (**plays – playing – play**) tennis in the afternoon.

Rewrite the sentences :-

1- Peter studies his homework in the evening (Make negative)

.....

2- Mary eats popcorn in the club . (Make ques.)

.....

3- My father makes breakfast in the morning.(Make neg.)

.....

4- The baby sometimes crys in the evening. (Correct)

.....

5- Mary often visit her the evening. (correct)

.....

6- It never rain in summer (correct)

.....

7- John and I drinks orange juice at night (Correct).

.....

8- The lion always eats meat . (Make ques.)

.....

9- The children sit in the seat.

(Make neg.)

.....

10- My parents always travel to London (Make ques.)

.....

11- My little brother brush his teeth everyday (Correct)

.....

12- Karim always pass the street .

(Correct)

.....

13- My father sometimes fixes the car . (Make ques.)

.....

14- I like ice cream.

(Make ques.)

.....

15- The children hate computer games. (Make neg.)

.....

16- Maged wears his blue jacket at school. (usually)

.....

Lesson (2)

Comparisons

Comparisons:

- Adjectives have got a comparative and superlative form.
- We use the comparative to compare two people or things to form the comparative, we add -er to the adjective and then the word than.

Spelling rules

- Adjectives ending in a single stressed vowel followed by a consonant, double the last consonant and take the -er/-est ending
e.g. big bigger biggest
- Adjectives ending in a consonant + -y drop the -y and take the -ier / -iest ending.
e.g. heavy heavier heaviest

E+(st)	y/iest	One stressed vowel between 2 consonants, double the consonant
Large/ largest	Heavy.. heaviest	Big ... biggest Old ... oldest

ExerciseAdjective [Comparative](1) Re-write the following:

- 1- Mona is (big – bigger – biggest) than Rania. (Choose)
- 2- Sandy is (Small – smaller – smallest) than Rasha. (Choose)
- 3- Samy is than Ramy (tall)
- 4- Mona is shorter Amany. (Complete)
- 5- Hany – thinner – is – than – Ramy – . (Re-arrange)
-
- 6- The elephant is bigger (than – the – this) the mouse. (Choose)
- 7- Ramy is than Adam. (short)
- 8- The train is (fast – faster – fastest) than the car. (Choose)
- 9- The giraffe is (thin – thinner – thinnest) than the lion. (Choose)
- 10- Salma is (happy – happier – the happiest) Than Hany. (Choose)
- 11- Ahmed is younger than shady. (Complete)

Shady is

(2) Correct the mistakes:

- 1- Ramy is happy than Samy.....
- 2- Salma is tall than
Mona.

3- The elephant is big than the
mouse.....

4- The aeroplane is fast than the
train

5- Hany is short than Ramy.....



Exercise (Superlative)(1) Do as shown between brackets:

- 1- The clown is the (funnier – funniest – funniest) one of all.
(choose)
- 2- Summer is hotter than winter. (Use: the-season)
- 3- The red T-shirt is more expensive than others. (use the – of all)
- 4- Jane is the Girl (Superlative of pretty)
- 5- Sam is the Boy in his birthday party. (..... happy)
- 6- The maths problem is very difficult. (One – of all)
- 7- David gets the (less – little – least) money of all. (Choose)
- 8- Playing computer games is the thing in my life.
(Use interesting)
- 9- Tom is the bad cat in its cage. (correct)
- 10- George is the (careful – more careful – most careful) student
in his class. (choose)
- 11- Berta is taller than her sister. (the – of all)
- 12- Jack has the many biscuits in his bag. (correct)
- 13- Tony is the (polite – more polite – most polite) of his friends.
(choose)
- 14- Paul is the clever student in his college. (correct)

Lesson (4)**Past Simple**

Key words: yesterday – This morning once – ago – last

(1) Regular verbs:

We add (d), (ed) or (ied) to the verb

Ex... Play → Played

Study → Studied

(2) Irregular verbs

Think/ thought – come/ came – buy/ bought

(3) Negative form:

We put (didn't) + v. inf

Ex.: They didn't study well.

ExercisePast Simple(1) Re-write the following:

1- I didn't (went – go – going) to the vet with my cat. (Choose)

2- I (ate – eat – eats) my dinner yesterday. (Choose)

3- (Did – Do – Does) he sleep last night? (Choose)

4- I not go to the vet last Monday. (Complete)

5- Did he play tennis yesterday?

Yes, he (Complete)

6- went – the – I – club – to – . (Re-arrange)

.....

7- Mona (sing – sang – sings) a nice song last Tuesday. (Choose)

8- They (write – wrote – writes) a letter to Samy yesterday.

(Choose)

9- he – go – Did – cinema – to – the – ? (Re-arrange)

.....

10- I ate my sandwich. (not)

.....

11- Did they drink the Juice?

No. they (Complete)

12- He (have – has – had) a party yesterday. (Choose)

13- We (drink – drinks – drank) our juice last night. (Choose)

(2) Choose the correct answer:

1- The cat (ate – sang – wrote) its food.

2- (Did – Does – Do) he pass the exam last month?

3- He (didn't – don't – doesn't) read the story last night.

4- I (slept – sleep – sleeps) early yesterday.

5- I (ate – wrote – went) to the cinema.

6- (Yesterday – Everyday – These days) I went to the cinema.

(3) Correct the mistakes:

1- He goes to the doctor
yesterday.....

2- She has a party last
night.

3- My father sleeps early last
Friday.

4- Does he go to the vet
yesterday.

5- Do they play tennis last
Friday.....

(4) Match:

- | | | |
|-------------------|---------|------------------------|
| 1- Did he eat his | () | a) the bank |
| 2- I went to | () | b) nice song |
| 3- I sang a | () | c) present |
| 4- He took a | () | d) sandwich yesterday? |
| | | e) Party |



(1) V. to .be

am – is → was
are → were

(2) V. to have

Have
Has → Had

- Ex:**
- I am hungry → present
 - I was hungry → past
 - He has a red car → present
 - He had a red car → past
 - I do my homework → present
 - I did my homework → past

Regular verbs

We add " ed " to the regular verbs.

Ex: Play → played

- Ramy and Shady play football together → present
- Ramy and Shady played football together → past

Negative

We use **didn't** before the main verb.

Ex: They didn't **play** football.

↓
Main verb

Question form

We put " **Did** " before the subject.

Ex: When **did Peter** clean his room ?

↓
Subj.

Exercise**(1) Rewrite the following :-**

1- They Played tennis last week.

(Did)

2- Sally studies her homework .

(yesterday)

3- Magy washes the dishes.

(An hour ago)

4- Did Shady do his homework ?

(No,)

5- They were tired.

(She)

6- We watch T.V. every day.

(yesterday)

7- Dalia visits her grandpa every weekend.(last weekend)

8- She helps her mum in the kitchen yesterday morning. (correct)

9- They were at the cinema.

(Question)

10- Tina and John (was – are – were) at the park last Sunday

(choose)

11- It (be – not) cold yesterday. (correct)

12- Mira was a pretty baby .

(Was)

13- Were you at home last night ?

(Yes,)

(2) Change to past :-

1- We are in Luxor this week.

.....

2- She has a cheese sandwich for breakfast.

.....

3- My uncle works in a hospital .

.....

4- The students do many exercise .

.....

5- They finish their work.

.....

(3) Change to negative :-

1- My mother cooked meat.

.....

2- I called you yesterday .

.....

3- Shady tidied his room three hours ago .

.....

4- The book is in my bag.

.....

5- I usually do my homework at seven o'clock every day.

.....

(4) Find and correct the mistakes:

1- We have our lunch two hours ago.

.....

2- She didn't studied hard .

.....

3- Lili watches T.V last night .

.....

4- Did you Phoned me yesterday ?

.....

Present continuous tense

Affirmative		Negative		Interrogative
long form	short form	long form	short form	
I am reading	I'm reading	I am not reading	I'm not reading	Am I reading?
He is reading	He's reading	He is not reading	He isn't reading	Is he reading?
She is reading	She's reading	She is not reading	She isn't reading	Is she reading?
It is reading	It's reading	It is not reading	It isn't reading	Is it reading?
We are reading	We're reading	We are not reading	We aren't reading	Are we reading?
You are reading	You're reading	You are not reading	You aren't reading	Are you reading?
They are reading	They're reading	They are not reading	They aren't reading	Are they reading?

We use it for actions that are happening now or these days, or at the time of speaking.

- **Key words:**

Now – at the moment – at present – today – look! – Listen !

- **The form:**

Subject + Verb to be + the verb + ing

Ex: I am playing

(He – She – It) is playing

(They – we – you) are playing

The verbs that end in (-e), We drop (-e) and put ing.

Ex: have (am – is – are) having.

make (am – is – are) making.

The verb that end in a single vowel followed by a consonant, we double the last letter and put -ing

Ex: run running

dig..... digging

swim..... swimming

sit sitting

Except the following verbs:**(Open – Visit – listen).****• The Negative****We put not after verb to be(am – is – are)not + verb + (-ing)****Ex: I am not playing in the Academy.****Interrogative:****we form the interrogative by putting (Am \ Is \ Are) at the beginning of the sentence then the subject and the verb with the –ing ending.****(Am / Is / Are) + Subject + verb +-ing****Are you playing ?****Is she studying?****Short answer:****Are you watching TV ?****Yes, I am \We are .****No, I'm not./ we aren't .****Are they eating?****Yes, they are./ No, they aren't.**

Is he /she / it drinking?

Yes, he/ she / it is.

No, he / she / it isn't.



ExercisePresent continuous:Rewrite the following sentences:

- 1) We (go) to the shops today. (Correct)
.....
- 2) I am wearing sunglasses. (Negative)
.....
- 3) is - cinema – going – the – She – to . (Re-arrange)
.....
- 4) He tennis now. (Complete).
- 5) They are eating eggs. (Interrogative)
.....
- 6) Jack (listen) to pop music these days. (Correct)
.....
- 7) Are they watching T.V. at the moment? (Long answer)
.....
- 8)you playing volleyball? (Complete)
- 9) Mike and Sally are visitting their grandma today.. (Correct)
.....

10) Sue is a jacket .

(Complete)

11) She is swimming in the pool .

(Interrogative)

.....

12) Are they (have – has – having) fun with their relatives?

(Underline)

13) Are the (dresses – trousers – Shoe) makers sewing the
new shoes?

(Underline)

14) Are the girls riding their bikes?

(Short answer)

Yes,.....

15) I am not sleeping in class.

(Negative)

16) (Is – Has – Does) Mona (has – having – had)her lunch
today.

(Underline)

17) Is he drawing a picture?

(plural)

18) Look! Sarah can eating a strawberry. (Correct)

19) Listen !Someone (play) music.

(Correct)

20) The actors (act) the play now. (Correct) (Negative)

20) I am climbing the tree

(We)

.....

21) They aren't playing computer games.

(Interrog.)

.....

22) Is Nina(has) a new baby?

(correct)

.....

23) What?

(Complete)

We are watching T.V.

24) Toby puts on his black hat.

(Look!)

.....

25) Someone moves outside .

(Listen!)

.....

26) What are you doing? (brush - hair) ,(sing – a song)

.(Answer)

.....

27) The children are (openning – opening – open) the window now .

(choose)

28) The girl is eating ice – cream at the moment . (not)

Interrogative:

1-The monkeys are jumping in the cages.

.....

2-My mum is making a tasty cake.

.....

3-The students are doing their homework .

.....

4-I am eating a big bar of chocolate .

.....

5-We are watching an Indian film.

.....

Demonstratives

(This – These – That – Those)

1) Near:

This Singular noun.

These Plural noun.

2) Far:

That Singular noun.

Those Plural noun.

Affirmative	Negative	Question
This + is (Singular – near)	This isn't	Is this?
That + is (Singular – far)	That isn't	Is that?
These + are (Plural – near)	These aren't	Are these?
Those + are (Plural – far)	Those aren't	Are those?

Exercises

Underline:

- 1- (This – These – That – Those)are my shoes in my leg .
- 2- These (am – is – are)my eyes.
- 3- (Has – Is – Can) that a new car?
- 4- (This – That – Those – These)is a cloud in the sky.
- 5- This is (a -..... – an)good (mark – marks – marking) in the exam.
- 6- (These – Those – That – This) (am – is – are) my new clothes.
- 7- (This – That — Those) (am – are – is) three racing horses in the race.
- 8- (This – These – Those – That) (am – is – are) a group of birds in the sky.
- 9- Those are (a – some – one) flying kites.
- 10- (Have – Can – Are) these pictures in the new file? No, they (haven't – can't – aren't).

Rewrite the following sentences:

1-..... those animal pgs? (Complete)

2-This is my purple bunch of flower. (Change into plural)

.....

3-Those are red fish. (Change into singular)

.....

4-That a comic film.(Put a suitable verb).

5-Those (be) angry birds . (Correct)

.....

6-..... my new black dresses.(Complete)

7- Those are my hanging posters. (Negative)

.....

8- These are our toy boxes. (Interrogative)

.....

9-This is a toy fish. (Change into plural)

.....

10-This is white lamps in the ceiling. (Correct)

.....

Change into Negative:

1-These are good boots under the table.

.....

2-Those are white and brown birds.

.....

3-These are my pencils.

.....

4-Those are clouds in the sky.

.....

5-These are her watches.

.....

6-Those are big trees.

.....

Change into plural:

1-This is a cat in the balcony.

.....

2-That's a blue pen in the pencil case.

.....

3-That's an egg in the basket.

.....

4-That's a police man in the police station.

.....

5-That's a woman in the supermarket.

.....

6-This is a strawberry in the plate.

.....

7-That's a brush in the bathroom.

.....

8-This is a glass in the kitchen.

.....

Question wordsQuestion words:

Who – Whose – Where – When – Why – What(What time –
What colour) – How old

1) Who: To ask about people.

Ex: Who is he? He is my brother.

2) Whose: To ask about which person owns something.

Ex: Whose shoes are these? They 're Tom's shoes.

3) Where: To ask about places.

Ex: Where is the doll? It's in the toy box.

4) When: To ask about time.

Ex: When is your birthday ? It's on July 15th.

5) Why: To ask about the reason or the cause of something.

Ex: Why are you happy ?

I'm happy because my mother bought a new car.

6) What: To ask about things or actions.(What time ? for time)
(What colour ? for colour)

Ex.: What is this? It's a kite.

Ex.: What time does the match begin ? It begins at eight o'clock.

Ex.: What colour is your T-shirt? It's purple.

7)-How: To ask about how somebody feeling.

Ex.: How are you ? I'm fine thank you.

8)How old : To ask about somebody's age.

Ex.: How old is Sam ? He is nine.

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RaNia SaYed

Exercise

Rewrite the following sentences:

2-.....my mother? She is in the kitchen.
(Complete)

4-Who are your name? Her name is Cindy. (Correct)

5-How (old – much – many) is Jack? He is ten. (Underline)

6-When time is his mobile phone ?His mobile phone is brown.
(Correct)

7- what is your cousin? He's ten. (Correct)

8-..... Sandy? She is my aunt.
(Complete)

9-This bag is Cindy's bag?. (Ask)

10-.....?

Your sunglasses are next to the T.V.

Complete the sentences with a question word:

1-.....did you eat for dinner? Pizza.

2-.....did you watch the film? At the cinema.

3-.....is she? She is my teacher.

4-.....is his birthday party? At nine o'clock.

5-..... bike is this? It's mine.

6-..... are you crying? Because I lost my bag.

7-..... do you go to school? By taxi.

Match:

1)-How old is your uncle ?	()	a)- he is riding his bike
2)-what is he doing?	()	b)-It's Sue's.
3)-Why do you get up early?	()	c)-He's thirty.
4)-Whose book is this?	()	d)-Pencil.
5)-Where is my	()	e)-To go to school.